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人外周血γδT细胞CD107a的表达变化与细胞毒活性的关系 点此下载全文

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摘要:

目的:探讨人外周血 γ TT细胞体外诱导过程中CD107a的表达变化及其与 γ TT细胞细胞毒活性的关系。方法: 分离健康人外周血单个核细胞(peripheral blood monouclear cells, PBMCs),加入含有IL-2和异戊烯焦磷酸(isopentenyl pyrophosphate,IPP)的培养基,体外诱导 γ TT细胞。分别在第7、10、14天以流式细胞仪对培养的 γ TT细胞进行鉴定,并同时检测其CD107a、穿孔素和颗粒酶B的表达。CCK-8试剂盒检测 γ TT细胞对胰腺癌细胞SW-1990的杀伤效应。采用SPSS13.0软件进行spearman相关分析。结果:在培养的第7、10、14天, γ TTCR四性细胞分别为(60.31±3.84)%、(66.45±4.25)%、(70.99±4.66)%。CD107a、穿孔素和颗粒酶B的表达在 γ TT细胞培养第7~10天达到峰值后呈下降趋势,第7天与第0天相比差异有统计学意义\[(80.66±4.42)%、(70.11±334)%、(94.26±4.25)%、vs (69.02±5.04)%、(62.31±4.66)%、(53.62±3.69)%,P<0.05\]。培养第7天、第10天的 γ TT细胞对SW-1990细胞杀伤率显著高于第14天的 γ TT细胞\[(58.86±512)%、(61.53±4.69)% vs (40.31±4.83)%,P<0.05\]。 γ TT细胞CD107a表达与穿孔素、颗粒酶B、其对SW-1990细胞杀伤效应显著相关(γ 0.853, γ 0.853, γ 0.9041胞。因107a表达与穿孔素、颗粒酶B、其对SW-1990细胞杀伤效应显著相关(γ 0.853, γ 0.853, γ 0.9041胞。有效T细胞CD107a的表达与其抗肿瘤能力正相关,可能是 γ 0.7141胞细胞毒活性的一个标志。

关键词: γδT细胞 CD107a 胰腺肿瘤 细胞毒作用 穿孔素 颗粒酶B

Relationship of CD107a expression with cytotoxic activity of human peripheral yoT cells Download Fulltext

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Abstract:

Objective: To investigate changes of CD107a expression in $\gamma\delta T$ cells during cultivation and the relationship of CD107a expression with cytotoxicity of $\gamma\delta T$ cells. Methods: $\gamma\delta T$ cells were generated in vitro by stimulating PBMCs with IL-2 and isopentenyl pyrophosphate (IPP). Phenotype analysis of $\gamma\delta T$ cells was performed on the 7, 10 and 14 day by flow cytometry. Meanwhile, CD107a, perforin and granzyme B expressions were detected in $\gamma\delta T$ cells by flow cytometry. The cytotoxicity of $\gamma\delta T$ cells on pancreatic carcinoma SW-1990 cells was determined by CCK-8 kit. Spearman correlation analysis was performed by SPSS13.0 software. Results: $\gamma\delta T$ CR expression in $\gamma\delta T$ cells was $(60.31\pm3.84)\%$, $(66.45\pm4.25)\%$ and $(70.99\pm4.66)\%$ on 7, 10 and 14 day, respectively. The expression of CD107a, perforin and granzyme B reached the peak on $7\sim10$ d (7 d vs 0 d: \[80.66\pm4.42\]\%, \[70.11\pm3.34\]\%, \[94.26\pm4.25\]\% vs \[69.02\pm5.04\]\%, \[69.02\pm5.04\]\%, \[62.31\pm4.66\]\%, \[53.62\pm3.69\]\%, P <0.05), and then gradually decreased. The cytotoxicity rates of 7 day and 10 day $\gamma\delta T$ cells against SW-1990 cells were significantly higher than those of 14 day $\gamma\delta T$ cells $(158.86\pm5.12\)$ \%, \[61.53\pm4.69\]\% vs \[40.31\pm4.83\]\%, P <0.05). CD107a expression in $\gamma\delta T$ cells was significantly correlated with perforin, granzyme B expressions and cytotoxicity on SW-1990 cells (P <0.01). Conclusion: The expression of CD107a on human peripheral $\gamma\delta T$ cells is positively correlated with its anti-tumor effect and may serve as a marker for the cytotoxic activity of $\gamma\delta T$ cells.

Keywords:yδT cell CD107a pancreatic carcinoma cytotoxicity perforin granzyme B

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