论著

MTS 1基因**β**启动子E 2 F 1结合位点序列突变重组质粒的构建与表达 冯文莉1, 刘 兴1, 黄宗干2

重庆医科大学医学检验系临床血液学教研室,重庆 400016; 2.重庆医科大学临床学院血液科,重庆 400016 收稿日期 2002-5-21 修回日期 2002-7-20 网络版发布日期:

摘要 目的: 深入研究MTS 1基因β启动子的转录激活与E 2 F 1转录因子的相互作用关系,阐明该基因转录水平的调控机制。 方法: 用PCR定点突变方法或酶切连接法,构建β启动子0.38 kb Sac II -Sac I 酶切片段中E2 F 1 A、B、C任意2个位点或3个位点均突变的pGL 3重组质粒。用脂质体介导的基因瞬时转染法,将构建的重组质粒转染MTS 1基因双等位缺失的急性T淋巴细胞白血病Jurkat细胞,检测pGL 3重组质粒中荧光素酶报告基因的表达。结果: 构建的E 2 F 1 A、B、C结合位点突变的重组质粒经Sac I 或Nae I 酶切鉴定和DNA序列分析得到证实。与E 2 F 1 位点野生型重组质粒比较,突变型重组质粒在Jurkat细胞中荧光素酶报告基因的表达量减少,以3个位点均突变的重组质粒为明显。结论:构建的E 2 F 1 A、B、C2个或3个结合位点均突变重组质粒成功,可通过基因转染用于研究MTS 1基因的功能试验中;MTS 1基因β启动子的转录活性可能与E 2 F 1转录因子的反式激活有关。

关键词 MTS 1基因; E 2 F 1转录因子; 基因突变

CONSTRUCTION AND EXPRESSION OF THE RECOMBINANT PLASMID OF THE MTS 1 GENE β PROMOTER ON E 2 F 1-BOUND LOCUS MUTATION

FENG Wen-li 1, LIU Xing 1, HUANG Zong-gan 2

1. Department of Clinical Hemotology, Faculty of Laboratory Medicine; 2. Department of Hemotology, College of Clinical Medicine, Chongqing Medical University, Chongqing 400016, China

Abstract Purpose: To further study the effect of E 2 F 1 transcription factor on the transcriptional activation of β promoter, and explain the transcriptional regulation mechanism on MTS 1 gene. Methods: The recombinant plasmid containing 2 or 3 mutant or deleted on E 2 F 1 A, B, C-bound locus sequence on the 0.38 kb fragment cut by Sac II and Sac I of the β promoter was constructed by PCR site-directed mutagenesis and enzymatic cutting and ligating. The recombinant plasmids containing 2 or 3 mutant or deleted on E 2 F 1 A, B, C-bound locus sequence were transfected into Jurkat cells, which were biallelic deletion of MTS 1 gene by transient transfection. Luciferase report gene was used to observe β promoter transcriptional activation. Results: Four new recombinant plasmids containing the mutant with two bound loci of E 2 F 1 A,B,C were obtained separately by PCR, and a recombinant plasmid containing all the three mutant on locus was constructed by enzymatic cutting and ligating, and identified by Sac I or Nae I enzymatic cutting, and sequencing. The luciferase expression of recombinant plasmid in Jurkat cells decreased, especially the mutant 3 bound locus sequence of E 2 F 1 A, B, C, as compared to the wild-type recombinant plasmid on E 2 F 1-bound locus sequence. Conclusion: These newly-constructed recombinant plasmids can be used to study the function of the transcriptional activation of MTS 1 gene by gene transfection. There is a potential relation between the transcriptional activation of MTS 1 gene β promoter and the transactivation of E 2 F 1 transcription factor.

扩展功能

本文信息

- ► Supporting info
- ▶ <u>[PDF全文]</u>(657k)
- ▶[HTML全文](48k)
- ▶参考文献

服务与反馈

- ▶把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶加入我的书架
- ► Email Alert

相关信息

- ▶ 本刊中 包含 "MTS 1基因; E 2 F 1 转录因子; 基因突变"的 相关文章
- ▶本文作者相关文章
- 冯文莉
 - 刘兴
- 黄宗干

通讯作者 冯文莉 fenwlcqmu@sina.com