论著

细胞内钙信号对锌指转录因子及胚心标志基因的调控

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收稿日期 2004-9-14 修回日期 2004-11-25 网络版发布日期 2009-9-25 接受日期 2004-11-25

摘要 目的:探讨心肌细胞内游离钙离子浓度([Ca2+]i)变化对锌指转录因子及胚心标志基因的影响。 方法:以原代培养的乳鼠心肌细胞为模型,血管紧张素 II(Ang II)及雷尼丁(RY)刺激心肌细胞跨膜钙内流及细胞内钙释放; Fura-2/AM比率荧光成像系统分析细胞内钙信号:免疫印迹(Western blotting)检测心肌细胞钙调神经磷酸酶(CaN)、活化T细胞核因子(NFAT3)、锌指转录因子(GATA4)、 α -actin蛋白表达,RT-PCR 检测心肌球蛋白重链(β -MHC)mRNA表达。 结果: Ang II 及RY均可使心肌细胞内[Ca2+]i增加,与对照组相比差异显著(P<0.01)。Ang II、RY刺激1、3 d,心肌细胞CaN、NFAT3、GATA4、 α -actin蛋白表达及 β -MHC mRNA表达明显高于对照组(P<0.05或P<0.01)。 结论:细胞内钙信号的变化可能通过影响CaN及ERK信号通路,增加心肌细胞胚心标志基因的表达,在心肌细胞肥大的病理过程中起重要作用。

关键词 钙 心肌 钙凋神经磷酸酶 有丝分裂素激活蛋白激酶类

分类号 R363

Effect of calcium signal on zinic finger transcription factor and fetal heart gene of cardiomyocytes

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Abstract

AIM: To investigate the effect of intracellular calcium free calcium ([Ca2+] i) on zinic finger transcription factor (GATA4) and fetal heart gene in cardiomyocytes. METHODS: Cardiomyocytes from fetal rat were cultured primarily. Angiotensin II (Ang II) and ryanodine (RY) were used to stimulate transmembrane calcium inflow and intracellular calcium release. Fura-2/AM ratio imagine analysis was applied to detect intracellular Ca2+ signal. Western blotting were used to measure calcineurin (CaN), nuclear activated T cell factor (NFAT3), GATA4 and aactin. RT-PCR was applied for observing β -myosin heavy chain (β -MHC). RESULTS: Ang II and RY promoted intracellular free calcium concentration ([Ca2+]i) in cardiomyocytes (P<0.05 versus control group), CaN, NFAT3, GATA4, q-actin expression and β-MHC mRNA expression significantly increased 1 and 3 days after the stimulation of cardiomyocytes with Ang II and RY (10-7 mol·L-1) as compared with that in control (P<0.05). CONCLUSIONS: The changes of intracellular calcium signal affect calcineurin and extracellular signal regulation kinase singal pathways, and up-regulate fetal heart gene expression in cardiomyocytes, which may play important roles in the pathogenic process of myocyte hypertrophy.

Key words Calcium Myocardium Calcineurin Mitogen-activated protein kinases

DOI: 1000-4718

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