Current Issue Browse Issues	Acta Medica Iranica 2009;47(4) : 133-134
Search	FIELD TRIALS OF MOLLUSCICIDE (WL 8008) IN BILHARZIASIS CONTROL PROJECT AREA, IN IRAN
About this Journal	Abstract:
Instruction to Authors Online Submission	Field trials of molluscicide WL8008 (N-tritylmorpholine) were carried out in Khuzestan, Iran. The liquid 2 (FX/28), a 16.5 w/v emulsifiable concentrate in tetrachloroethylene in concentrations of 0.25 ppm and 0.5 ppm was used against Bulinus
Subscription Contact Us	truncatus and Lymnaea gedrosiana in standing and running water systems . Bio-assay tests and laboratory experiments were made parallel to the field trials. Only a few of the B.truncatus were affected by 0.25 ppm of N-tritylmorpholine, but L.gedrosiana proved to be more susceptible to the chemical and an almost complete kill of L.gedrosiana was achieved. A concentration of 0.5 ppm completely killed both B.truncatus and L.gedrosiana, but had no effect on egg-masses. N-trityl-morpholine may play an important part in future snail control projects, particularly on Lymnaea snails.
	Keywords:
	N-trityImorpholine
	TUMS I D: 1998
	Full Text HTML 🔊 Full Text PDF 🖄 332 KB
	Home - About - Contact Us

TUMS E. Journals 2004-2009 Central Library & Documents Center Tehran University of Medical Sciences

Best view with Internet Explorer 6 or Later at 1024*768 Resolutions