研究简报

## 微孔板弓形虫染色试验

许慧1\*,倪安平2,崔清涛2,郝英2

- 1 煤炭总医院检验科, 北京 100028
- 2 北京协和医院检验科,北京 100730

收稿日期 修回日期 网络版发布日期 接受日期

摘要

以细胞培养的方法传代弓形虫,建立微孔板弓形虫染色试验。血清与弓形虫虫体经孵育后,用碱性美蓝染色,计数100个虫体,记录染色与未染色虫体的比例,标本中50%虫体着色的稀释度为终点稀释度。弓形虫悬液浓度为10<sup>9</sup>/ml,辅助因子中含1%枸橼酸钠时,弓形虫染色效果最好,微孔板染色试验的稳定性良好。

关键词 弓形虫 染色实验 微孔板

分类号

## A Modified Dye Test for Toxoplasma gondii Infection

XU Hui1 \*, NI An-ping2, CUI Qing-tao2, HAO Ying2

1 Department of Clinical Laboratory, Meitan General Hospital, Beijing 100028, China; 2 Department of Clinical Laboratory, Peking Union Medical College Hospital, Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences, Beijing 100028, China

A modified dye test with microplate was to be established to detect Toxoplasma antibodies with cell-cultured Toxoplasma gondii. Numbers of stained and unstained tachyzoites were estimated in every 100 tachyzoites in each well after dyeing with methylene blue. The dilution with 50% tachyzoites stained was used as final dilution. Better results of the microplate dye test has been received when the concentration of tachyzoites in suspension reaches 109/ml with 1% sodium citrate as accessory factor.

Key words <u>Toxoplasma gondii</u> <u>Dye test</u> <u>Microplate</u>

DOI:

通讯作者

作者个人主 页

许慧1 \*; 倪安平2; 崔清涛2; 郝英2

## 扩展功能

## 本文信息

- Supporting info
- ▶ PDF(192KB)
- ▶ [HTML全文](OKB)
- ▶参考文献[PDF]
- ▶ 参考文献

服务与反馈

- ▶ 把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶加入我的书架
- ▶加入引用管理器
- ▶ 复制索引
- ► Email Alert
- ▶ 文章反馈
- ▶浏览反馈信息

相关信息

- ▶ <u>本刊中 包含"弓形虫"的 相关文</u>章
- ▶本文作者相关文章
- · 许慧
- · 倪安平
- · 崔清涛
- · 郝英