论著

恶性疟原虫二氢叶酸还原酶基因的突变

张再兴,杨亚明,刘慧

云南省疟疾防治研究所!思茅665000

收稿日期 修回日期 网络版发布日期 接受日期 摘要

目的 探测云南恶性疟原虫二氢叶酸还原酶基因 (dhfr)与乙胺嘧啶和双氯胍抗性有关的基因位点突变的情况。方法 应用特异性套式PCR和限制性酶切片段长度分析 (RFPS)检测采自现场的干滤纸血样。结果 检测到恶性疟原虫dhfr基因内 16,51,108和 164位氨基酸有不同程度的突变,以Asn 108和 Ile 51为甚,出现频率分别为94.1%和90.1%。野生型(3D7型)Ser 108出现较低频率9.1%(6/66),而Ala 16出现频率较高61.8%(42/68);突变型比例高,HB3型,7G8型/FCR3型和Cambodian型比例为1:21:7.5。结论 首次在云南西双版纳州检测恶性疟原虫dhfr基因内16,51,108和164位氨基酸存在不同程度的突变,与乙胺嘧啶抗性有关的7G8型突变率较高,而与双氯胍抗性有关的FCR3型则较低。

关键词 <u>恶性疟原虫</u> <u>二氢叶酸还原酶(dhfr)基因</u> <u>基因突变</u> 分类号

Gene Point Mutation in the Dihydrofolate Reductasethymidylate Synthase Gene of Plasmodium falciparum

ZHANG Zai xing YANG Ya ming LIU Hui

Yunnan Institute of Malaria Control; Simao 665000

Abstract

Objective To investigate the gene point mutation in the dihydrofolate reductase thymidylate synthase (dhfr) gene of Plasmodium falciparum isolate from Yunnan Province strongly associated with pyrimethamine and cycloguanil resistance. Methods Nested PCR and restriction endonuclease digestion were applied to detect the gene mutation using dried blood filter paper collected from the fields in Yunnan Province. Results Different mutations were found in 4 amino acids at positions 16, 51, 108 and 164 of dhfr gene, particularly, Asn 108 and IIe 51, the mutaiton frequency being 94.1% and 90.1%, respectively. The frequency of the wild type genotype (3D7 type) Ser 108 appeared lower (9.1%), while the frequency of the Ala 16 was high (61.8%); the mutation type was very high, the ratio of HB3 type, 7G8 type/FCR3 type and Cambodian type was 1:21:7.5. Conclusion The investigation first demonstrated that Plasmodium falciparum Yunnan isolate dihydrofolate reductase thymidylate synthase gene(dhfr) at positions 16, 51, 108 and 164 exhibited different degrees of point mutation. The frequency of mutation of the 7D8 type involved in pyrimethamine resistance was higher, while that of the FCR3 type involved in cycloquanil resistance was lower.

Key words Plasmodium falciparum dihydrofolate reductase thymidylate synthase (dhfr)gene gene mutation

DOI:

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通讯作者

作者个人主

张再兴;杨亚明;刘慧

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