论著

广西凭祥一株食蟹猴疟原虫生物学特性的研究

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摘更

目的:观察1991年10月在中越边境广西凭祥购买的1只野生食蟹猴(M4)体内发现的疟原虫。方法:将疟原虫血传给健康的切脾熊猴(M6),在猴体内的疟原虫配子体在64个/100WBC时,给大劣按蚊叮咬感染,确定孢子增殖期,当蚊唾腺发现子孢子时,阳性蚊叮咬健康的熊猴(M5)后第8天开始采血观察,确定红前期的时间。血内发现疟原虫后开始每4h采血1次的定时观察,确定红内期裂体增殖周期及红内期各期疟原虫形态特征。结果:该株猴疟原虫的孢子增殖期为11d,红前期为8d,红内期的裂体增殖周期为48h。早晚期滋养体与人间日疟原虫形态相似,被晚期滋养体寄生的红细胞明显胀大,阿米巴样活动明显,可见薛氏小点,成熟的裂殖体内通常可见裂殖子10—15个。结论:试验结果证实,该株猴疟原虫为食蟹猴疟原虫并定名为CVH株(Plasmodium cynomolgi CVH)。

关键词 食蟹猴疟原虫 大劣按蚊 猴疟食蟹猴

分类号

STUDIES ON BIOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF A SPECIES OF *PLASMODIUM CYNOMOLGI* IN PINGXIANG, GUANGXI

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Abstract

AIM: To observe the biological characteristics of a species of Plasmodium cynomolgi isolated from a wild-caught, naturally infected monkey Macaca irus (M4) at Pingxiang, Guangxi near the border between China and Vietnam in October 1991. METHODS: An uninfected splenectomized monkey (Macaca assamensis) M6 was inoculated iv with blood from M4. Nine days later, when M6 was found harboring gametocytes at a concentration of 64 per 100 leucocytes, M6 was exposed to the bite of uninfected Anopheles dirus. On day 14 after the level of sporozoites in the salivary gland of An. dirus reached a high peak, the infected An. dirus was allowed to bite M5, a healthy, uninfected monkey (Macaca assamensis). On day 8 following infection, blood was taken from M5 twice a day and examined for malaria parasites. RESULTS: In terms of the appearance of a few rings in blood, the incubation period is 8 days. At a temperature of about 26 °C and a relative humidity of 75%, oocysts reached maturity on day 11, and the sporogony was 11 days. The young trophozoites of Plasmodium cynomolgi were indistinguishable from those of Plasmodium vivax. The typical parasites were similar to other simian parasites of Plasmodium cynomolgi. There w re Schüffner's dots in infected erythrocytes. The schizogony occurred every 48 hours. The mature schizonts had a large number of merozoites, the number being 10- 15. CONCLUSION: The malaria parasite described in the present paper was designated Plasmodium cynomolgi CVH (China, Vietnam and Huang) strain.

Key words <u>Plasmodium cynomolgi</u> <u>Anopheles dirus</u> <u>simian malaria</u> <u>Macaca irus</u>

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