

论著

南蛇藤素和扁蒴藤素显著下调HLA-B*2705启动子的活性

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摘要 目的: 利用高通量药物筛选方式, 为寻找潜在的脊柱关节炎(SpA)新的治疗药物提供理论依据。方法: 选取12 264小分子化合物分别使用293T-HLA-B27和 HeLa-HLA-B27稳定细胞株, 观察对HLA-B*2705启动子有调节作用的化合物, 筛选能够下调HLA-B*2705启动子活性的阳性化合物: 启动子活性>150%为激动剂, 启动子活性<60%为抑制剂。并且对进一步筛选出的抑制剂进行细胞毒性试验及半数抑制浓度/半数效应浓度(IC50/EC50)检测, 筛选出具有较好剂量-效应的阳性化合物。结果: (1)使用293T-HLA-B27细胞第1次筛选出624种阳性化合物, 阳性率为5.1%; (2)使用HeLa-HLA-B27细胞株对上述624种化合物进行再次筛选, 有70种化合物再次显示出对B*2705启动子活性的增强或者抑制作用; (3)进行EC50/IC50检测的40种化合物中, 6种化合物为抑制剂, 表现出较好的剂量-效应曲线, 其中南蛇藤素和扁蒴藤素均为雷公藤类衍生物。结论: 南蛇藤素和扁蒴藤素可下调HLA-B27表达, 提示在今后针对HLA-B*2705相关的SpA患者治疗中, 它们可能是值得研究的潜在有效化合物。

关键词 [HLA-B*2705启动子](#); [雷公藤属](#); [脊柱关节炎](#)

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Celastral and pristimerin derived from Leigongteng inhibit promoter activity of HLA-B*2705 gene

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Abstract

AIM: To screen the effective chemicals, which can suppress the promoter activity of the HLA-B*2705 gene as potential therapeutic agents. METHODS: The HeLa-HLA-B27, 293T-HLA-B27 stable transfectants were used to monitor the effect of 12 264 chemicals through high throughput screening (HTS). Chemicals which regulates HLA-B*2705 promoter activity more than 150% or less than 60% were picked out for the further IC50/EC50 and cell viability detection. RESULTS: (1) The primary screening used by 293T-HLA-B27 stable transfectant yielded about 5.1% hits which either suppressed (556 chemicals) or enhanced (68 chemicals) the HLA-B*2705 promoter activity. (2) A reconfirmation screening was carried out with these 624 of the candidates using transfected HeLa-HLA-B27 cells. Seventy hits were confirmed. (3) Based on the bioinformatics of those positive hits, 40 chemicals were selected for in-depth analysis by dose-response experiment and IC50/EC50 detection. Six suppressors showed potential pharmacological activities. Interestingly, two suppressors (celastral and pristimerin) are derived from Leigongteng, a herbal medicine already used for several decades for treatment of immune regulatory and inflammatory diseases. Four active chemicals were computer designed with no relevance to the above structures. CONCLUSION: Chinese traditional herb Nansheteng and Leigongteng might be the potential drugs for HLA-B27 positive patients. These results provide new direction for research in both the therapeutics and the pathogenesis of spondyloarthritis.

Key words [HLA-B*2705 promoter](#) [Tripterygium](#) [Spondyloarthritis](#)

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