论著

[125]] 西夫韦肽在大鼠体内的药代动力学

刘德胜 1,2 ,孟志云 1 ,赵桂森 2 ,窦桂芳 1* ,张亚东 1

(1. 军事医学科学院野战输血研究所药物代谢与药物动力学实验室, 北京 100850; 2. 山东大学药学院, 山东 济南 250012)

收稿日期 2004-11-17 修回日期 网络版发布日期 2008-8-11 接受日期 2005-4-11

摘要 目的 为临床上合理安全地应用西夫韦肽提供药代动力学资料。方法 Iodogen法制备 $[^{125}I]$ 西夫韦肽,大鼠单次给 $[^{125}I]$ 西夫韦肽,一三氯醋酸 (TCA) 沉淀法测定血浆或组织中的放射性含量。结果 大鼠单次sc 0.8, 2.4, 7.2 mg \cdot kg $^{-1}$ $[^{125}I]$ 西夫韦肽后,AUC分别为10.6, 32.2和112.3 mg \cdot h \cdot L $^{-1}$; 达峰时间在1.40 \sim 4.60 h之间,吸收较为缓慢; $t_{1/2}(k_{\rm e})$ 分别为7.39, 4.53, 13.84 h; 血浆清除率相近,分别为0.44, 0.70和0.50 L \cdot h $^{-1}$; TCA法测定大鼠sc给药 $[^{125}I]$ 西夫韦肽组织分布,放射性分布特点为泌尿系统和胃肠道系统浓度最高,血浆其次,脑组织和脂肪组织内浓度最低。结论 大鼠sc $[^{125}I]$ 西夫韦肽后,在给药剂量范围内呈线性动力学。TCA沉淀法测得泌尿系统和胃肠道系统放射性最高。 $[^{125}I]$ 西夫韦肽主要经肾脏排泄。

关键词 <u>西夫韦肽</u> <u>药代动力学</u> <u>分布</u> 分类号 R969.1, R978.7

Pharmacokinetics of $[^{125}I]$ sifuvirtide in rats

LIU De-Sheng^{1,2}, MENG Zhi-Yun¹, ZHAO Gui-Sen², DOU Gui-Fang^{1*}, ZHANG Ya-Dong¹

(1. Laboratory of Drug Metabolism and Pharmacokinetics, Institute of Transfusion Medicine, Academy of Military Medical Sciences, Beijing 100850, China; 2. College of Pharmacy, Shandong University, Jinan 250012, China)

Abstract

AIM To provide pharmacokinetic data for safe use of sifuvirtide in clinics. METHODS [125I] Sifuvirtide was prepared by Iodogen method. The radioactivity in plasma or tissues was determined following trichloroacetic acid (TCA) precipitation of [125I] sifuvirtide after single sc injection. RESULTS The AUC for plasma were 10.6, 32.2 and 112.3 mg·h·L⁻¹ following sc dose of 0.8, 2.4, 7.2 mg·kg⁻¹, respectively. Time to maximum concentration over the dose range tested was between 1.40—4.60 h following sc [125I] sifuvirtide, showing the slow absorption of [125I] sifuvirtide. The half-life of [125I] sifuvirtide was 7.39, 4.53, 13.84 h, respectively. The plasma clearance of [125I] sifuvirtide, determined after sc administration was similar: 0.44, 0.70 and 0.50 L·h⁻¹, respectively. Acid-precipitable radioactivity of plasma was higher than that of other tissues but lower than that of univary system and gastrointestinal system. The radioactivity of the brain and adipose tissues were the lowest. **CONCLUSION** In dosage range studied pharmacokinetic behavior appeared as linear kinetics. Acid-precipitable radioactivity in urinary system and gastrointestinal system were the highest. [125I] sifuvirtide was excreted out of body mainly from urine.

Key words sifuvirtide pharmacokinetics distribution

DOI:

扩展功能

本文信息

- ▶ Supporting info
- ▶ PDF(268KB)
- **▶[HTML全文]**(0KB)
- ▶参考文献

服务与反馈

- ▶把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶加入我的书架
- ▶加入引用管理器
- ▶复制索引
- ▶ Email Alert
- ▶ 文章反馈
- ▶浏览反馈信息

相关信息

▶ <u>本刊中 包含"西夫韦肽"的</u> 相关文章

▶本文作者相关文章

- 刘德胜
- _
- 孟志云
- 赵桂森
- 窦桂芳
- 张亚东