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心脏电机械偶联与Flash双源CT冠状动脉成像在高心率患者中的应用

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摘要: Objective, To assess the image quality and effective radiation dose of prospectively ele triggered high-pitch spiral acquisition (flash spiral mode) dual-source CT coronary angiography in heart rate(HR). Methods, From 1321 consecutive patients, seventy patients with HR \geqslant 70 bpm (group A) and with HR<70 bpm (group B) underwent CT angiography and were prospectively included in this study. The acquisition of the most cranial slice was selected at 20%-30% of the R-R interval for group A and 10% of the R-R interval for group B. Assessed the image quality and effective radiation dose of two group. Results, no significant differences in age, sex, BMI and scan time between the two groups. (2) Image qualities: The diagnostic image quality occurred (i.e. score 3) had no significant difference between group A and B (1.6% vs. 1.5%, P=0.48). Non-diagnostic image quality was most often found in the RCA and LCX in both group. The effective radiation dose was on average (1.00 \pm 0.15) mSv (0.7-1.82 mSv) in group A and (1.01 \pm 0.16)mSv (0.65-1.45 mSv) in group B. Conclusions, Patients with high heart rates can be performed CTCA with high-pitch spiral acquisition. The choice of the R-R interval window for data acquisition for high-pitch dual-source CTCA may probably obtain good image quality with low doses. The highest HRs are 100 bpm with good image quality. HR variability is a great effect factor on image quality. The estimated radiation dose is about 1 mSv.

关键词: Coronary angiography; Heart rate;, High pitch dual-source CT; Prospectively ECG-triggered

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