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临床应用肺动脉导管对ICU患者死亡率影响的Meta分析

朱波, 李志强, 席修明

100038 北京, 首都医科大学附属复兴医院ICU

席修明, Email: xxm2937@sina.com

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摘要:目的 通过Meta分析的方法, 评价临床应用肺动脉导管对ICU患者死亡率的影响。方法 计算 MEDLINE、EMBASE、Cochrane Database、中国Cochrane中心临床对照试验资料数据库、中国生物 手工检索相关杂志、学术会议论文集和学位论文汇编。收集国内外关于临床应用肺动脉导管对成 的随机对照试验(RCT)并进行方法学质量评价, 用RevMan 4.2软件进行Meta分析。结果 最终11篇 于高质量文献, 其他3篇文献均存在不同程度的方法学质量缺陷。根据治疗策略不同将所有入选文 学目标治疗组和基于医生经验的个体化治疗组。结果显示, 临床应用肺动脉导管不能降低两组患 95% CI: 0.76, 1.21; RR 1.02, 95% CI: 0.96, 1.09)。敏感性分析显示结果稳定。通过漏斗图观 表偏倚的可能性不大。结论 临床应用肺动脉导管并不能改善成年ICU患者的预后, 因此肺动脉导 常规应用。我们期待更多设计良好的RCT进一步评价肺动脉导管在ICU患者治疗中的作用。

关键词: 导管插入术, Swan-Ganz; 死亡率; 重症监护病房

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