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## HSP90抑制剂17-DMAG调控胰腺癌细胞PANC-1增殖及凋亡的初步研究(PDF)

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Title: Heat shock protein 90 inhibitor, 17-DMAG, suppresses proliferation and induces apoptosis in pancreatic cancer cells *in vitro*

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摘要: 目的 探讨热休克蛋白90(HSP90)功能特异性抑制剂17-DMAG对胰腺癌细胞PANC-1增殖与凋亡的影响。 方法 体外培养腺癌细胞PANC-1, 17-DMAG处理PANC-1细胞后, CCK8法测定细胞生长曲线, 观察细胞增殖的抑制情况, 流式细胞仪测定细胞凋亡率的变化, Jc-1染色检测线粒体膜电位变化, RT-PCR法测定17-DMAG处理PANC-1细胞前后Bcl-2、Bax表达变化。 结果 17-DMAG处理组24 h时 $D(490)$ 值较对照组差异无统计学意义( $P>0.05$ ), 48、72 h后较对照组 $D(490)$ 值分别减少 $(18.3\pm 2.4)\%$ 、 $(21.5\pm 3.2)\%$ , 差异有统计学意义( $P<0.05$ )。17-DMAG处理组48 h时较对照组能显著地抑制PANC-1细胞增殖( $P<0.05$ ), 细胞凋亡率 $[(22.4\pm 2.4)\%]$ 较对照组 $[(4.2\pm 1.7)\%]$ 显著增加( $P<0.05$ ); 线粒体电位显著降低( $P<0.05$ )。RT-PCR结果显示, 17-DMAG处理组抑制Bcl-2的表达, 促进Bax的表达。 结论 17-

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DMAG可抑制胰腺癌细胞PANC-1增殖并诱导其凋亡, 该效应可能是通过调控凋亡相关蛋白Bcl-2家族成员的表达实现。

**Abstract:** **Objective** To determine the effect of 17-dimethylaminoethylamino-17-demethoxy geldanamycin (17-DMAG), a specific inhibitor of heat shock protein 90 (HSP90), on the proliferation and apoptosis in pancreatic cancer cell line PANC-1. **Methods** After PANC-1 cells were treated with 17-DMAG at the final dose of 500 nmol/mL, CCK8 assay was used to plot cell growth curve. Flow cytometry was used to detect the cell cycle and apoptosis. JC-1 mitochondrial membrane potential assay kit was applied to detect mitochondrial membrane potential. Reverse transcription polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR) was applied to detect the mRNA expression of Bcl-2 and Bax. **Results** 17-DMAG treatment for 24 h resulted in no significant difference in cell growth in PANC-1 cells ( $P>0.05$ ), but when the treatment was prolonged to 48 and 72 h, the growth was decreased by  $(18.3 \pm 2.4)\%$  and  $(21.5 \pm 3.2)\%$ , respectively ( $P<0.05$ ). After 17-DMAG treatment for 48 h, the proliferation was obviously inhibited in 17-DMAG group than in control group ( $P<0.05$ ), with its apoptotic rate significantly higher [ $(22.4 \pm 2.4)\%$  vs  $(4.2 \pm 1.7)\%$ ,  $P<0.05$ ], and the mitochondrial membrane potential significantly decreased ( $P<0.05$ ). 17-DMAG down-regulated the mRNA level of Bcl-2, and consequently up-regulated that of Bax in PANC-1 cells. **Conclusion** 17-DMAG inhibits the proliferation and induces the apoptosis in PANC-1 cells by regulating apoptosis-related protein Bcl-2 family.

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