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摘要:

目的: 研究siRNA CD31靶向沉默血管内皮细胞中血小板内皮细胞黏附分子1 (platelet endothelial cell adhesion molecule 1, PECAM-1) 基因对鼠源性血管内皮瘤 (murine hemangioendothelioma, EOMA) 细胞增殖及其VEGF表达的影响。方法: 实验分为裸siRNA CD31组、siRNA CD31-FAM组、稳定性对照 (SNC) 组、空白对照 (Opti-Med) 组, 以阳离子脂质体 (RNAi-mate) 为载体将化学合成的2'-O-甲基修饰的siRNA CD31转染体外培养的EOMA细胞, 以激光共聚焦显微镜观察siRNA CD31的转染效果, 以四甲基偶氮唑蓝 (MTT) 法检测siRNA CD31对EOMA细胞增殖的影响, 以RT-PCR、Western blotting分别检测EOMA细胞中 PECAM-1、VEGF 的表达水平。结果: 与SNC组和空白对照组比较, 裸siRNA CD31和siRNA CD31-FAM转染的EOMA细胞中的 PECAM-1 mRNA和蛋白、VEGF mRNA和蛋白的表达量均显著降低 (均 $P < 0.01$)。与SNC组比较, 裸siRNA CD31组、siRNA CD31-FAM组的EOMA细胞增殖抑制率明显上升 [(18.82 ± 1.46)%、(18.91 ± 2.21)% vs (0.61 ± 1.06)%], 均 $P < 0.01$ 。结论: 采用siRNA CD31-脂质体复合物沉默EOMA细胞中的 PECAM-1 基因可抑制 VEGF mRNA和蛋白的表达, 从而抑制EOMA细胞的增殖。

关键词: [小分子干扰RNA](#) [血小板内皮细胞黏附分子](#) [血管内皮细胞生长因子](#) [血管内皮瘤](#) [细胞增殖](#)

Effects of siRNA CD31-mediated PECAM-1 gene silencing on proliferation and VEGF expression in vascular endothelial cells [Download Fulltext](#)

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Abstract:

Objective: To investigate the effects of siRNA CD31-targeted silencing of the platelet endothelial cell adhesion molecule 1 (PECAM-1) or CD31 gene on VEGF expression and proliferation in endothelial cells. Methods: Murine hemangioendothelioma cells (EOMAs) were used as a model. They were transfected with naked siRNA CD31, siRNA CD31-FAM, a stable negative control (SNC) siRNA and Opti-Med as a blank control, respectively, using lipofectamin (RNAi-mate). After transfection, cell proliferation was assessed by MTT assays. PECAM-1 and VEGF mRNA and protein levels were determined by RT-PCR and Western blotting respectively. Results: PECAM-1 mRNA and protein levels and proliferative activity were all significantly lower in EOMAs transfected with naked siRNA CD31 and siRNA CD31-FAM than in EOMAs transfected with the SNC and Opti-MEM ($P < 0.01$). As compared with the SNC, naked siRNA CD31 and siRNA CD31-FAM rested significantly higher rates of proliferation inhibition ($P < 0.01$). Conclusion: The chemically synthesized 2'-O-methyl-siRNA CD31 may effectively silence the target gene PECAM-1 and inhibit proliferation in EOMAs, at least partially through a VEGF signaling-dependent mechanism.

Keywords: [small interference RNA \(siRNA\)](#) [platelet endothelial cell adhesion molecule \(PECAM\)](#) [vascular endothelial cell growth factor \(VEGF\)](#) [hemangioendothelioma](#) [cell proliferation](#)

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