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◀ 前一篇

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三氧化二砷联合5-杂氮-2'-脱氧胞苷对U937细胞SHP-1、JAK3、TYK2基因表达的影响

张小坤¹, 罗建民², 孙杰¹

1. 054000河北邢台, 河北医科大学附属邢台市人民医院血液科; 2. 河北医科大学第二医院血液科 血液病河北省重点实验室

Effects of 5-Aza-2'-deoxycytidine Combined with Arsenic Trioxide on SHP-1, JAK3, TYK2 Expression in U937 Cells

ZHANG Xiaokun¹, Luo Jianmin², Sun Jie¹

1. Department of Hematology, Xingtai People's Hospital of Hebei Medical University, Xingtai 054000, China; 2. Department of Hematology, The Second Hospital, Hebei Medical University

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摘要 目的 探讨甲基化抑制剂5-杂氮-2'-脱氧胞苷(5-Aza-2'-deoxycytidine, 5-aza-CdR)联合三氧化二砷(As₂O₃)对白血病细胞株U937中JAK3、TYK2和造血细胞磷酸酶SHP-1表达水平的影响,并探讨它们在白血病发病中的作用。方法 5-aza-CdR、As₂O₃单用及联合处理U937细胞,5-aza-CdR浓度为0.5、1、2 μmol/L,As₂O₃浓度为1、2.5、5 μmol/L,As₂O₃ 1 μmol/L + 5-aza-CdR 0.5 μmol/L、As₂O₃ 2.5 μmol/L + 5-aza-CdR 1 μmol/L、As₂O₃ 35 μmol/L + 5-aza-CdR 2 μmol/L及不加药物组,分别处理24、48、72 h后提取细胞总RNA,荧光实时定量PCR(Real-time Quantitative Polymerase Chain Reaction, RQ-PCR)检测JAK3、TYK2及SHP-1的表达。结果 As₂O₃和5-aza-CdR单独作用及两药合用时,SHP-1 mRNA在U937细胞中的表达呈剂量及时间依赖性,其表达逐渐升高;JAK3 mRNA的表达呈剂量及时间依赖性,其表达逐渐降低;TYK2 mRNA的表达呈剂量及时间依赖性,其表达逐渐降低;SHP-1与JAK3、TYK2负相关,JAK3受影响较TYK2更为显著。结论 (1)甲基化抑制剂5-aza-CdR和As₂O₃可使SHP-1表达升高,JAK3、TYK2表达降低,与浓度及作用时间有关。(2)SHP-1基因的重新表达与其发生去甲基化有关,对JAK/STAT通路有负调控作用。

关键词 : 甲基化抑制剂, 5-杂氮-2'-脱氧胞苷, SHP-1, JAK3, TYK2

Abstract : Objective To investigate the influence of methylation inhibitor of arsenic trioxide (As₂O₃) combined with 5-Aza-2'-deoxycytidine (5-aza-CdR) on the expression of JAK3, TYK2 and hematopoietic cell phosphatase SHP-1 in chronic myeloid leukemia cell line U937, and to explore the effects of the combination in leukemia pathogenesis. Methods 5-aza-CdR, As₂O₃ and the combined treatment were applied on U937 cells. As₂O₃ 1 μmol/L and 5-aza-CdR 0.5 μmol/L group, As₂O₃ 2.5 μmol/L and 5-aza-CdR 1 μmol/L group, As₂O₃ 5 μmol/L and 5-aza-CdR 2 μmol/L group and no chemical substances group were treated for 24, 48, 72 h, respectively. Then total cellular RNA was extracted. Real-time Quantitative PCR was used to detect the expression of JAK3, TYK2 and SHP-1. Results With the application of As₂O₃, 5-aza-CdR and the combination, SHP-1 mRNA expression in U937 cells was increased gradually, while JAK3 and TYK2 mRNA expression were decreased, in a dose- and time-dependent manner. SHP-1 was negatively correlated with JAK3 or TYK2. JAK3 was affected more obviously than TYK2. Conclusion (1) With the application of methylation inhibitor of As₂O₃ and 5-aza-CdR, the expression of SHP-1 was increased, while the expressions of JAK3 and TYK2 were decreased in a dose- and time-dependent manner. (2) The reexpression of SHP-1 gene is related to its methylation and has a negative regulation role of JAK/STAT pathway.

Key words : Methylation inhibitor; 5-Aza-2'-deoxycytidine SHP-1; JAK3; TYK2

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作者简介: 张小坤 (1982-), 女, 硕士, 主治医师, 主要从事细胞内信号传导与恶性血液病的诊断与治疗

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地址：武汉市洪山区卓刀泉南路116号

电话：027-87670126

邮编：430079

Email：zlfzyjzz@vip.163.com



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