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[1]谢晶,陈莹迪,阴正勤,等.RCS大鼠病变过程中视网膜电图振荡电位的频域特性分析[J].第三军医大学学报,2013,35(13):1350-1352.

Xie Jing, Chen Yingdi, Yin Zhengqin, et al. Frequency domain analysis of dark-adapted oscillatory potentials of electroretinogram in RCS rats[J]. J Third Mil Med Univ, 2013, 35(13):1350-1352.

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RCS大鼠病变过程中视网膜电图振荡电位的分享到:

《第三军医大学学报》[ISSN:1000-5404/CN:51-1095/R] 卷: 35 期数: 2013年第13 期 页码: 1350-1352 栏目: 论著 出版日期: 2013-07-15

Title: Frequency domain analysis of dark-adapted oscillatory

potentials of electroretinogram in RCS rats

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关键词: 视网膜电图;振荡电位;皇家外科学院大鼠;频域分析

Keywords: electroretinogram; oscillatory potentials; RCS rats; frequency-

domain analysis

分类号: R-332; R770.43; R774.13

文献标志码: A

摘要: 目的 观察皇家外科学院大鼠 (royal college of surgeons, RCS) 视

网膜变性过程中的暗适应视网膜电图(electroretinogram, ERG)振荡电位(oscillatory potentials, OPs)频域特性。 方法 选择出生后20、30、40 d及60 d 的RCS大鼠各3只,采用RETI-scan 记录系统进行闪光视网膜电图(flash electroretinogram, F-ERG) OPs记录,记录电极为环形角膜电极,参考电极为不锈钢针状电极,刺激强度为0dB,通过Matlab提取OPs成分,分析其频谱特性。 结果 相对于同

龄的正常大鼠, RCS大鼠OPs频域幅值明显重度降低 (*P*<0.01), 且高频成分缺失。RCS大鼠发育过程中,随着病程进展至40 d 时对应的频率

向高频部分明显延迟 (P<0.05), 进展至60 d时其频域幅值明显降低

(P<0.05)。 结论 RCS大鼠ERG的OPs频域特性与视网膜功能

导航/NAVIGATE

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的变性程度存在相关性,利用这些特性可以更明显观察到视网膜变性对 大鼠视网膜功能的影响。

Abstract:

Objective To investigate the characteristics of frequency domain of dark-adapted oscillatory potentials (OPs) of electroretinogram (ERG) in Royal College of Surgeons (RCS) rats. Methods Different ages (20, 30, 40 and 60 d) of RCS-rdy⁻-p⁺ rats were involved, and there were three rats of each age. Dark-adapted OPs of flash ERG (F-ERG) was recorded with RETI-scan system. Gold-foil ring cornea electrode was used as the recording electrode and home-made stainless steel needle electrode was used as the reference. The intensity of light was 0 dB. OPs components were extracted by software Matlab 7.0 and the