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Tropical Medicine and Health

Vol. 34 (2006), No. 1 p.3

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL STUDY OF INFLUENZA VI IN YANGON, MYANMAR

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(Accepted December 14, 2005)

Abstract: Although influenza is a highly contagious acute respirator importance, little is known about the disease in tropical countries. A conducted in three sentinel sites in Yangon, Myanmar from Septem 2004. Throat or nasal swabs were collected from 616 patients with and tested using rapid diagnostic test kits and virus isolation. Influer in 6 patients from September to October, 2003. Influenza A virus patients from June to September, 2004, and the 51 influenza A viru specimens were all A/H3N2. Influenza virus infections occurred mai Yangon, Myanmar, but continuous ongoing influenza surveillance is

Key words: influenza, acute respiratory infection, rapid diagnostic

[PDF (80K)] [References]

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To cite this article:

GO HASEGAWA, YADANAR KYAW, HLA MYAT NEW, L SAITO, HIROSHI SUZUKI, YUSUKE EBE, TIN MAUNG CI NAITO: "EPIDEMIOLOGICAL STUDY OF INFLUENZA VII YANGON, MYANMAR". Tropical Medicine and Health, Vol. 3