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Abstract

FRANCO NETO, Carlos Alfredo; PAROLO, Clarissa Cavalcanti Fatturi; ROSING, Cassiano Kuchenbecker and MALTZ, Marisa. Comparative analysis of the effect of two chlorhexidine mouthrinses on plaque accumulation and gingival bleeding. *Braz. oral res.* [online]. 2008, vol.22, n.2, pp. 139-144. ISSN . doi: 10.1590/S1806-83242008000200008.

The aim of the present study was to evaluate the effect of two chlorhexidine rinsing solutions (0.12% and 0.2%) on plaque and gingival bleeding. Ten dental students participated in this double-blind, cross-over study, rinsing twice a day, for one minute, with each one of the tested solutions for fourteen days. A wash-out period of one week between treatments was observed. In order to assess gingival bleeding, the van der Weijden *et al.*¹ (1994) index was used. The plaque indexes used were those of Quigley, Hein² (1962) and Silness, Löe³ (1964). In the pre-experimental period, subjects received oral hygiene instructions and dental prophylaxis. The results revealed no significant differences between both concentrations in relation to plaque and gingival bleeding. Mean values (± standard deviation) of the Quigley &

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Hein index were 0.25 ± 0.16 for the 0.12% solution and 0.23 ± 0.26 for the 0.2% solution (p = 0.4838). Mean values (\pm standard deviation) of the Silness-Löe index were 0.12 ± 0.10 for the 0.12% solution and 0.11 ± 0.11 for the 0.2% solution (p = 0.7592). The bleeding index mean values at the end of the study were not different for both concentrations with mean values (\pm standard deviation) of $14.93\% \pm 6.68\%$ and $13.95 \pm 9.24\%$ for the 0.12% and 0.2% solutions, respectively. Although an increase in gingival bleeding was observed, both concentrations were able to control dental plaque.

Keywords : Chlorhexidine; Dental plaque; Products with antimicrobial action; Gingivitis.

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Sociedade Brasileira de Pesquisa Odontológica

Av. Lineu Prestes, 2227 Caixa Postal 8216 05508-900 São Paulo SP - Brazil Tel./Fax: +55 11 3091-7810

e/Mail

bor@sbpqo.org.br