Need to search many journals at once?

HOME HELP FEEDBACK SUBSCRIPTIONS ARCHIVE SEARCH TABLE OF CONTENTS

Journal of Andrology, Vol 20, Issue 4 487-491, Copyright  $^{\odot}$  1999 by The American Society of Andrology

JOURNAL ARTICLE

Journal of

# Temporal relation between leptin and various indices of sexual maturation in the male rat

S. J. Nazian and D. F. Cameron Department of Physiology & Biophysics, College of Medicine, University of South Florida, Tampa 33612, USA. snazian@hsc.usf.edu

Recent studies in humans and rhesus monkeys have suggested the possibility that the adipose tissue hormone leptin has a stimulatory and/or permissive effect on the onset of puberty in the male. We evaluated this hypothesis by measuring leptin in groups of male rats between the ages of 26 days and 96 days. A statistically significant positive correlation was present between serum leptin and age, body

weight, prostate, seminal vesicle, and testes weight (both absolute and as a function of body weight). A statistically significant negative correlation was present between leptin and serum FSH and alpha-inhibin. There was not a statistically significant correlation between leptin and testosterone or LH. There was a statistically significant increase in the serum leptin concentrations at day 47. This rise was coincident with the peripubertal growth spurt in the secondary sexual organs and the peripubertal testosterone rise but occurred after the prepubertal rise in testicular weight, the appearance of elongating spermatids in the testes, and the start of the decline in FSH. In animals in which the peripubertal testosterone rise was delayed by the administration of EDS, serum leptin showed statistically significant differences from control. These data do not support the hypothesis that leptin provides a trigger for the onset of puberty in the male rat. They do suggest that leptin may be involved in the secondary sexual organ growth spurt and are consistent with the hypothesis that testosterone stimulates leptin synthesis during puberty.

# This article has been cited by other articles:



#### This Article

- Full Text (PDF)
- Alert me when this article is cited
- Alert me if a correction is posted

#### Services

- Similar articles in this journal
- Similar articles in PubMed
- Alert me to new issues of the journal
- Download to citation manager

### Citing Articles

- Citing Articles via HighWire
- Citing Articles via Google Scholar

#### Google Scholar

- Articles by Nazian, S. J.
- Articles by Cameron, D. F.
- Search for Related Content

### PubMed

- PubMed Citation
- Articles by Nazian, S. J.
- Articles by Cameron, D. F.

EM	THE JOURNAL OF CLINICAL ENDOCRINOLOGY & METABOLISM HOME
3 8	M. E. Wilson, J. Fisher, K. Chikazawa, R. Yoda, A. Legendre, D. Mook, and K. G. Gould
8.83	Leptin Administration Increases Nocturnal Concentrations of
	Luteinizing Hormone and Growth Hormone in Juvenile Female
	Rhesus Monkeys
	J. Clin. Endocrinol. Metab., October 1, 2003; 88(10): 4874 - 4883. [Abstract] [Full Text] [PDF]
tion of Antipa day	



JC

Am. J. Physiol: Regulatory, Integrative and Comparative Physiology

HOME

НОМЕ

P. Concannon, K. Levac, R. Rawson, B. Tennant, and A. Bensadoun Seasonal changes in serum leptin, food intake, and body weight in photoentrained woodchucks

Am J Physiol Regulatory Integrative Comp Physiol, September 1, 2001; 281 (3): R951 - R959.

[Abstract] [Full Text] [PDF]



THE JOURNAL OF CLINICAL ENDOCRINOLOGY & METABOLISM > HOME

P. Stattin, S. Söderberg, G. Hallmans, A. Bylund, R. Kaaks, U.-H. Stenman, A. Bergh, and T. Olsson Leptin Is Associated with Increased Prostate Cancer Risk: A Nested

Case-Referent Study J. Clin. Endocrinol. Metab., March 1, 2001; 86(3): 1341 - 1345.

[Abstract] [Full Text]



## ENDOCRINE REVIEWS

E. Terasawa and D. L. Fernandez Neurobiological Mechanisms of the Onset of Puberty in Primates Endocr. Rev., February 1, 2001; 22(1): 111 - 151. [Abstract] [Full Text]

HOME HELP FEEDBACK SUBSCRIPTIONS ARCHIVE SEARCH TABLE OF CONTENTS

Copyright © 1999 by The American Society of Andrology.