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Cathepsin B反义RNA抑制乳腺癌细胞的侵袭和迁移 点此下载全文

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摘要:

摘 要 目的:探讨人cathepsin B(CatB)反义RNA在乳腺癌细胞侵袭与迁移中的作用。方法:构建携CatB反义RNA的重组质粒pBudCE4.1-antiCatB,采用脂质体法将重组质粒p解时转染人乳腺癌细胞MDA-MB-231。Western blotting法检测MDA-MB-231细胞中CatB蛋白的表达,MTT法检测MDA-MB-231细胞的增殖,细胞-基质黏附实验检测反义CatB对MDA-MB-231细胞和附能力的影响,体外侵袭、迁移实验分析反义CatB表达对MDA-MB-231细胞体外侵袭和迁移能力的影响。结果:成功构建pBudCE4.1-antiCatB表达载体。转染MDA-MB-231细胞后,与未转染组细胞和转染空载体组细胞相比,转染组MDA-MB-231细胞的CatB蛋白表达水平明显降低[(0.96±0.02) vs(1.98±0.23),(1.84±0.08),P<0.05];转染组细胞的增殖受到明显抑制[(0.255±0.017) vs(0.458±0.033),(0.421±0.022),P<0.01];转染组细胞的黏附(基质胶或纤维黏连蛋白)能力明显下降[(0.054±0.017) vs(0.111±0.018),(0.107±0.017),P<0.01;或(0.052±0.008) vs(0.120±0.014),(0.113±0.009),P<0.01];转染组细胞的整体医([52.80±7.76) vs(124.00±44.54),(116.80±32.87),P<0.01;(6 0.25±8.73) vs(132.50±12.15),(119.20±25.13),P<0.01]。结论:CatB反义RNA可抑制乳腺癌细胞体外生长、黏附、迁移和侵袭能力。

关键词: 乳腺肿瘤 cathepsin B 基因 反义RNA 转染 黏附 侵袭

Antisense cathepsin B RNA inhibits invasion and metastasis of human breast carcinoma cells Download Fulltext

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## Abstract:

Abstract Objective: To investigate the effect of antisense cathepsin B(CatB) RNA on the invasion and migration of human breast carcinoma cells. Methods: PBudCE4.1-antiCatB recombinant plasmid carrying antisense cathepsin B(CatB) gene was constructed and transfected into breast carcinoma cell line MDA-MB-231 by lipofection system. The expression of CatB protein in MDA-MB-231 cells was detected by Western blotting analysis; the proliferation of MDA-MB-231 cells was determined by MTT assay. Cell-matrix adhesion assay was used to examine the effect of anti-CatB on adhesion ability of MDA-MB-231 cells. The effects of anti-CatB on the invasion and migration abilities of MDA-MB-231 cells were measured by invasion and migration transwell system. Results: The recombinant plasmid PBudCE4.1-antiCatB was successfully constructed. Expression of CatB protein in MDA-MB-231 cells was decreased after PBudCE4.1-antiCatB transfection compared with those in untransfected and mock-vehicle transfected cells( $[0.96\pm0.02]$  vs  $[1.98\pm0.23]$ ,  $[1.84\pm0.08]$ , P<0.05); the proliferation of MDA-MB-231 cells was also inhibited in PBudCE4.1-antiCatB transfected group( $[0.255\pm0.017]$  vs  $[0.458\pm0.033]$ ,  $[0.421\pm0.022]$ , P<0.01); and the adhesion abilities(binding to matrix or fibronectin) were decreased( $[0.054\pm0.017]$  vs  $[0.111\pm0.018]$ ,  $[0.107\pm0.017]$ , P<0.01;  $[0.052\pm0.008]$  vs  $[0.120\pm0.014]$ ,  $[0.113\pm0.009]$ , P<0.01). Transwell asaay showed that the invasion and migration abilities were inhibited in PBudCE4.1-antiCatB transfected group compared with those in the non-transfection and mock-vehicle transfected groups( $[52.80\pm7.76]$  vs  $[124.00\pm44.54]$ ,  $[116.80\pm32.87]$ , P<0.01;  $[60.25\pm8.73]$  vs  $[132.50\pm12.15]$ ,  $[119.20\pm25.13]$ , P<0.01). Conclusion: The expression of antisense CatB RNA can inhibit the growth, adhesion, invasion and migration abilities of MDA-MB-231 cell in vitro

Keywords: <u>breast neoplasms</u> <u>cathepsin B(CatB)</u> <u>antisense RNA</u> <u>transfection</u> <u>adhesion</u> <u>invasion</u>

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