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PI 3K信号通路对胃癌细胞P27磷酸化蛋白分布表达的影响

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Effects of PI 3K Signal Pathway on the Distribution and Expression of Phosphorylated P27 in Gastric Cancer Cells

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摘要 研究PI3K信号通路对胃癌BGC-823细胞中P27与磷酸化P27 (p-P27) 蛋白表达分布的影响。方法: LY294002处理BGC-823细胞, 流式细胞术测定处理前后两组细胞周期分布。Western blotting测定两组细胞总蛋白、胞浆蛋白、核蛋白中P27与p-P27 (Thr187、Thr157及Ser10) 蛋白含量及分布特点。结果: 处理后G1期细胞数明显增加 (83.9% vs. 67.6%, $P < 0.01$)。P27在总蛋白、胞浆蛋白和核蛋白中表达均显著增加 ($P < 0.01$, $P < 0.01$, $P < 0.01$); p-P27 (Ser10) 在总蛋白、胞浆蛋白和核蛋白中表达均显著下降 ($P < 0.01$, $P < 0.01$, $P < 0.01$); p-P27 (Thr157) 在总蛋白、胞浆蛋白中表达均显著下降 ($P < 0.01$, $P < 0.01$), 在核蛋白中下降不明显 ($P = 0.482$); p-P27 (Thr187) 在总蛋白、胞浆蛋白中表达均下降, 在核蛋白中表达增高, 均无显著性差异 ($P = 0.254$, $P = 0.70$, $P = 0.223$)。结论: 阻断PI3K通路可增加胃癌细胞P27蛋白表达, 降低p-P27蛋白表达, 改变P27和p-P27蛋白的核浆分布, 可以使细胞周期停滞于G1期, 诱导细胞凋亡。

关键词: PI3K信号通路 胃癌 P27蛋白 磷酸化P27蛋白

Abstract: To investigate the effects of PI3K pathway inhibition on the expression and distribution of P27 and phosphorylated P27 (p-P27) in the BGC-823 gastric cancer cell line. Methods: The cell line BGC-823 was cultivated and treated with LY294002, a PI3K pathway inhibitor. The cell cycle was determined using flow cytometry. The total cell, cytoplasmic, and nuclear expression of P27, p-P27 (Thr187), p-P27 (Thr157), and p-P27 (Ser10) were analyzed by Western blot analysis. Results: Inhibition of the PI3K pathway arrested cell cycle progression in the G1 phase (treated cells vs. control cells was 83.9% vs. 67.6%, $P < 0.01$). The total cell, cytoplasmic, and nuclear expression of P27 was significantly increased in the treated group compared with those in the control group ($P < 0.01$, $P < 0.01$, and $P < 0.01$, respectively). The total cell, cytoplasmic, and nuclear expression of p-P27 (Ser10) was significantly decreased in the treated group compared with that in the control group ($P < 0.01$, $P < 0.01$, and $P < 0.01$, respectively). The total cell and cytoplasmic expression of p-P27 (Thr157) was significantly decreased in the treated group compared with that in the control group ($P < 0.01$ and $P < 0.01$, respectively). The nuclear expression of p-P27 (Thr157) was decreased, but it did not reach statistical significance ($P = 0.482$). The total cell and cytoplasmic expression of p-P27 (Thr187) was decreased but the nuclear expression was increased. However, the differences were not statistically significant ($P = 0.254$, $P = 0.70$, and $P = 0.223$, respectively). Conclusion: Inhibiting the PI3K pathway in the BGC-823 gastric cancer cell line upregulates P27 expression and downregulates p-P27 expression. Moreover, the cytoplasmic and nuclear distribution of P27 and p-P27 were altered. Inhibiting the PI3K pathway induces G1 arrest and triggers the apoptosis of gastric cancer cells.

Key words:

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