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Perceived Responsibilities of Anganwadi Workers and Malnutrition in Rural Wardha

Dongre, AR and Deshmukh, PR and Garg, BS (2008) *Perceived Responsibilities of Anganwac Workers and Malnutrition in Rural Wardha.* [Journal (On-line/Unpaginated)]

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Abstract

Objectives: To find out the nutritional status of under-six children attending ICDS scheme and to study Anganwadi workers' (AWW) perceived work load and operational problems. Material and Methods: A triangulated research design of quantitative (survey) and qualitative (Venn diagram, seasonal calendar) methods was used. Nutritional status of children was assessed by a survey. Participatory methods like Venn diagram and Seasonal calendars were used to collect qualitative data regarding AWWs perceived work load and food security with malnourished children. Result Overall, prevalence of underweight and severe underweight among children under-six was found be 53% and 15% respectively and among children below three years it was 47% and 15% respectively. Venn diagram showed AWWs' multiple responsibilities. In seasonal diagram exercise, the mothers of severely malnourished children showed enough food availability in their house across all months of a year. Conclusion: To efficiently tap the potential of AWWs for reducing multidimensional problem of malnutrition, ICDS needs to design and implement flexible, area-specific and focused activities for AWW

Item Type: Journal (On-line/Unpaginated)

Keywords: Underweight, Malnutrition, Mother's education, Caste, Food scarcity

Subjects: <u>JOURNALS > Online Journal of Health and Allied Sciences</u>

ID Code: 6083

Deposited By: Kakkilaya Bevinje, Dr. Srinivas

Deposited On: 02 Jun 2008 01:34 **Last Modified:** 11 Mar 2011 08:57

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