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ACTD对V79旁观者细胞光学和超微结构影响

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摘要:

目的 观察放线菌素D(ACTD)对靶细胞和旁观者细胞的光学和超微结构影响,探讨ACTD能否诱导旁观者效应(BE)。 方法用不同剂量ACTD(0、0.25、0.5、1.0、2.0、4.0、8.0 mg/L)处理V79靶细胞1 h,在4 mg/LACTD作用4、 81、2和24 h取靶细胞去细胞培养液(CM),培养正常细胞24 h后,观察BE;形态学观察用倒置光学显微镜,超微结构用 透射电子显微镜观察,存活率用克隆形成实验检测。结果 随着ACTD剂量增加,靶细胞数量逐渐减少,而变形细胞数 量增多;CM处理旁观者细胞数目减少,脱壁增加;超微结构观察CM处理旁观者细胞出现凋亡征象,光学及超微结构改 变均以4 h CM组效应最重,随CM时段延后减轻;细胞存活率在4、8、12、24 h CM组分别为(59.5±3.4)%、(69.2 ±4.5)%、(88.8±5.2)%和(61.3±6.8)%,均低于对照组,高于4 mg/L ACTD组(50.0±6.5)%(P<0.05)。结论 ACTD可以诱导旁观者细胞凋亡,以4 h CM效应最强。

关键词: 放线菌素D 条件培养液 旁观者效应 超微结构

Effect of actinomycin D on apoptosis in V79 target and bystander cells

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Abstract:

Objective To observe the effect of actinomycin D(ACTD) and conditioned medium obtained from ACTDexposed V79 cells on cell morphology and ultrastructure to determine whether ACTD could induce bystander effect in V79 cells. Methods V79 cells were administrated with ACTD for 1 hr at different dose 🕟 逯晓波 (0,0.25,0.5,1.0,2.0,4.0,and 8.0 mg/L). Different period conditioned medium(CM) was collected at 4,8,12,and 24 hr after ACTD treatment to culture bystander cells for 24 hr to observe the bystander effect.Cell morphology and ultrastructural changes were observed under phase contrast optical microscope and transmission electron microscopy, respectively. Results The numbers of V79 cells reduced and those of abnormal cells increased in ACTD-treated groups in a dose-dependent manner (P<0.05). Bystander cells were much less and the cells turned round and many cells got rid of wall. The bystander cells damage alleviated with the time but aggravated in 24 hr CM-treated bystander cells. Under transmission electron microscopy, the cells were in normal shape with normal organelles and nuclear. In 4 mg/L ACTD-exposed cells, shrinked and apoptotic bodies formed. Amongst the bystander cells treated with 4 hr CM, apoptosis phenomenon was the most obvious and apoptosis reduced with the time till a rebound in 24 hr CM. Death type of the bystander cells was mainly apoptotic. Survival rates of the bystander cells in 4,8,12,and 24 hr CM groups were $59.5\pm3.4\%$, $69.2\pm4.5\%$, $88.8\pm5.2\%$,and $61.3\pm$ 6.8%, respectively, which all were lower than that of the control group(100.0±0.1%) and higher than that Article by of 4 mg/L ACTD group(50.0 \pm 6.5%). Conclusion ACTD could induce apoptosis of bystander V79 cells. The 4 hr CM treatment induces the strongest bystander effect.

Keywords: actinomycin D conditioned medium bystander effect ultrastructure

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