RUBICON FOUNDATION

Search Rubicon Go	Rubicon Research Repository > Rubicon Foundation Archive > Undersea Biomedical Research Journal >				
Advanced Search					
→ <u>Home</u>	Please use this identifier to cite or link to this item: http://archive.rubicon-foundation.org/2521				
Browse	Title:	Sodium valproate interactions with the HPNS: EEG			
<u>Communities</u> <u>& Collections</u>	Authors:	Clarke, D Dore, CJ			
 <u>Ittles</u> <u>Authors</u> 		Halsey, MJ Luff, NP			
→ By Date	Keywords:	Maclean, CJ animal			
Sign on to: Receive email undatos		baboon model hyperbaric			
My Rubicon authorized users	Issue Date:	chamber high pressure nervous syndrome 1989			
 ● Edit Profile ● Help 	Abstract:	A new baboon model was used to investigate the therapuetic effect of sodium valproate on the high pressure neurologic syndrome (HPNS). A hyperbaric chamber was used to achieve environmental pressures of 61 ATA, over a 5-h period. Eight animals underwent two compressions, a control and a valproate-treated compression (half the animals had valproate on the first compression). Mild signs of HPNS (e.g., paw and limb tremor) were first observed at approximately 20 ATA. More severe signs (e.g., whole body tremor, myoclonus, and vomiting) were observed above 40 ATA. Sodium valproate was administered during the compression phase and for 2 wk previously. It was effective at the higher pressures above 41 ATA in reducing the severity of the signs of HPNS. The major effect of pressure on the EEG was to increase alpha and theta wave amplitude in a linear manner. Alpha wave amplitude was reduced by sodium valproate.			
	Description:	Undersea and Hyperbaric Medical Society, Inc. (http://www.uhms.org) PMID: 2499971			
	Appears in Collections:	http://archive.rubicon-foundation.org/2521 Undersea Biomedical Research Journal			

	Files in This	Item:				
	File	Size	Format			
	2499971.pdf	2307Kb	Adobe PDF	View/Open		
		Show full	item record			
All it	All items in DSpace are protected by copyright, with all rights res					