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Title: Hyperbaric oxygen in the treatment of

posthanging cerebral anoxia.

Authors: Mathieu, D

Wattel, F Gosselin, B Chopin, C Durocher, A

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Durocher A. Hyperbaric oxygen in the treatment of posthanging cerebral anoxia. J. Hyperbaric Med

1987; 2(2):63-67

Abstract: Between 1971 and 1981, 170 patients, who had

attempted suicide by hanging, were admitted in

our emergency unit. On admission, 19 were conscious or confused and 151 unconscious: 54 in

grade 1 coma, 26 in grade II, 30 in grade III, and 31 in grade IV. Brain death was pronounced in 10

patients. Supportive and anticerebral edema measures were provided and, for 136 patients 278, 90-min hyperbaric oxygen (HBO) courses at

2.5 ATA. Thirty-four patients with only minor neurologic problems received normobaric oxygen. Of the 170 patients, 132 recovered completely without any residual (78%), 8 recovered with

neurological sequelae (5%), and 30 died (17%). Neurologic recovery was obtained after an

average of 0.8 HBO course in patients with grade 1 coma, 1.5 HBO courses in patients with grade II, 2.5 HBO courses in patients with grade III,

and 3.9 HBO courses in patients with grade IV. In no cases where coma persisted was recovery obtained after the 5th course. No patient with neurologic depression above grade III coma died

and 10 patients died through complications unrelated to the cerebral anoxia. Results are

significantly better when HBO treatment begins before the 3rd h after the unsuccessful hanging (recovery without neurologic sequela: 85 vs. 56%,

P < (0.05).

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