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### 论文

中药黄芩原植物的鉴定

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摘要:

黄芩在过去文献中一般均认为系Scutellaria baicalensis,但在药用植物调查工作中发现尚有其他种类混入使用,经进行了一系列中药黄芩原植物的调查鉴定工作,共调查收集了全国十个省、自治区所产的黄芩标本,鉴定结果,确定有四种黄芩属植物的根,充当中药黄芩使用。即(1) Scutellaria baicalensis(2) S.viscidula(3) S.amoena(4) J.rehderiana其中以S.Baicalensis分布与应用都较广泛,主产北方,为黄芩的主要来源.S.amoena为西南种类,其余两类则应用较少。

关键词:

NOTES ON THE BOTANIC ORIGIN OF HUANG-CHIN——RADIX SCUTELLARIA

SUNG WAN-CHIH CHENG CHING-YUNG

#### Abstract:

In the current literature, the botanic origin if Huang-chin is indiscriminately referred to *Scutellaria baicalensis* Georgi. A recent field survey together with investigation in the drug-market, however, revealed that the root of 3 more species of this genus were mixed in as Huang-chin. Based on material-collected from 11 provinces throughout this country, we also found: *Scutellaria viscidula* Bge., *S. amoena* Wight and *S. rehderiana* Diels. Among these 4 species mentioned above, *S. baicalensis* keeps its leading position both in quality and in quantity, *S. amoena* is used in the south west provinces, such as Yunnan and Szechuan, while the remaining two are but mixed with *S. baicalensis* in small scale, hence quite insignificant.

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