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OPEN CACCESS Interesting and unusual cases of chronic abdominal pain-					Frequently Asked Questions	
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PDF (Size: 902KB) PP. 200-205 DOI: 10.4236/ojgas.2012.24040					Recommend to Library	
Author(s) Sivasankaran Vadivel Kumaran, Thangavelu Pugazhendhi, Mohammed Ali					Contact Us	
ABSTRACT	ent astric volvulus is	a rara disaasa that ran	utires high index of sus	nicion for diagnosis	contact os	
Objective: Intermittent gastric volvulus is a rare disease that requires high index of suspicion for diagnosis and treatment. The incidence and prevalence is unknown, may be due to under reporting or under					Downloads:	13,037
diagnosis. Gastric volvulus may be transient producing few symptoms. The Borchardt' s Triad may be present only during an acute presentation. Common symptoms may mislead to diagnose a nonsurgical					Visits:	50,152
disease if an evaluation is not done, keeping in mind a possibility of gastric volvulus, even if a UGI scopy is normal. Cases may be submerged in the community being undiagnosed. Case Series: CASE 1: 21 yrs old					Spapeore	

KEYWORDS Intermittent Gastric Volvulus; Chronic Abdominal Pain; Barium Meal Series; Whirl Sign

## Cite this paper

time of symptoms.

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male with intermittent abdominal pain for 1(1/2) yrs with marfanoid habitus, MVP and a normal UGI scopy. BMS revealed an Organo-Axial Volvulus and ligament laxity per-operatively. CASE 2: 65 yrs old diabetic female with vomiting and abdominal pain for 3 months and left sided pneumonitis. UGI scopy showed twisted gastric folds immediately below OGJ and inability to visualise antrum. BMS revealed mixed volvulus with paraesophageal herniation of distal stomach. Per-operatively there was laxity of ligaments with omental content alone within the diaphragmatic rent. Posterior retrocolic sub-mucosal gastrojejunostomy (pexy) was done for all cases. Conclusion: Gastric volvulus should be thought of in a case of chronic intermittent abdominal pain with normal baseline evaluation. A Chest X-ray and BMS should be done, at the

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