

 BIOMEDICAL RESEARCH ON TRACE ELEMENTS  
Japan Society for Biomedical Research on Trace Elements

[Available Issues](#) | [Japanese](#)

Author:  Keyword:   [ADVANCED](#)



[TOP](#) > [Available Issues](#) > [Table of Contents](#) > [Abstract](#)

ONLINE ISSN : 1880-1404

PRINT ISSN : 0916-717X

## Biomedical Research on Trace Elements

Vol. 18 (2007) , No. 3 255-263

[\[PDF \(726K\)\]](#) [\[References\]](#)

### Chemical Control of Biological Activity and Biodistribution of Metal Compounds: Drug Design of Metal Complexes with Biological Activity and Target-Specific Biodistribution

Hideo Saji<sup>1)</sup>, Kazuma Ogawa<sup>2)</sup>, Youji Kitamura<sup>3)</sup>, Megumi Kubota-Akizawa<sup>1)</sup> and Hidekazu Kawashima<sup>1)</sup>

1) Department of Patho-functional Bioanalysis, Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Kyoto University

2) Central Institute of Radioisotopes Science, Division of Tracer Kinetics, Advanced Science Research Center, Kanazawa University

3) Graduate School of Medicine and Dentistry and Pharmaceutical Sciences, Okayama University

(Received: October 20, 2006)

(Accepted: March 2, 2007)

#### Abstract:

The development of metallic compounds for the diagnosis and therapy of diseases has been expected to open a new field of medicinal science. These compounds are required to exhibit biological activity and a specific localization to the target tissue. These demands constitute a great challenge on the rational design of metallic compounds and we have proposed two approaches, a pendant approach and an integrated approach in order to achieve this purpose. The pendant approach involves designing a biologically active compound by the attachment of a chelating group for binding the metal ion to a mother compound without the effect on the inherent biospecificity of the mother compound. A typical example of the pendant approach is bifunctional radiopharmaceuticals used for nuclear medical diagnosis and internal radiotherapy. The integrated approach involves designing a metallic compound with a biological activity and physicochemical properties suitable for target-specific delivery by coordination to a mother compound with metal ion.

This review will describe our recent progress in research on a bifunctional radiopharmaceutical labeled with metallic radionuclides, Rhenium-186 for therapy of painful bone metastases as an example of the pendant approach and a lipophilic zinc complex with

protective effect against ischemic neuronal injury as an example of the integrated approach.

**Key words:** metallic compound, drug design, bifunctional radiopharmaceutical, rhenium-186, bisphosphonates, zinc, neuroprotection.

[\[PDF \(726K\)\]](#) [\[References\]](#)

Download Meta of Article [\[Help\]](#)

[RIS](#)

[BibTeX](#)

To cite this article:

Hideo Saji, Kazuma Ogawa, Youji Kitamura, Megumi Kubota-Akizawa and Hidekazu Kawashima, "Chemical Control of Biological Activity and Biodistribution of Metal Compounds: Drug Design of Metal Complexes with Biological Activity and Target-Specific Biodistribution", Biomedical Research on Trace Elements, Vol. **18**, pp.255-263 (2007) .

---

JOI JST.JSTAGE/brte/18.255

Copyright (c) 2008 by Japan Society for Biomedical Research on Trace Elements

---



---

[Japan Science and Technology Information Aggregator, Electronic](#)

