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[\[PDF \(651K\)\]](#) [\[References\]](#)**Ca²⁺/calmodulin-dependent cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterase in cGMP metabolism in rabbit parotid acinar cells**Nakayasu SAIRENJI¹⁾, Keitaro SATOH²⁾ and Hiroshi SUGIYA²⁾³⁾

1) Departments of Anesthesiology, Nihon University School of Dentistry at Matsudo

2) Departments of Physiology, Nihon University School of Dentistry at Matsudo

3) Research Institute of Oral Science, Nihon University School of Dentistry at Matsudo

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ABSTRACT

Muscarinic cholinergic receptor activation provokes cGMP formation in parotid acinar cells.

We investigated the involvement of Ca²⁺/calmodulin-dependent cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterase (PDE1) in cGMP breakdown in rabbit parotid acinar cells. The muscarinic agonist carbachol stimulated cGMP formation in the cells. The carbachol-induced cGMP formation was enhanced in the presence of 8-methoxymethyl-3-isobutyl-1-methylxanthine (MM-IBMX), a PDE1 inhibitor. cGMP-PDE activity in rabbit parotid acinar cells was reduced by about 25% in the absence of Ca²⁺/calmodulin or in the presence of MM-IBMX. Ca²⁺/calmodulin-dependent cGMP-PDE in rabbit parotid acinar cells was purified using Calmodulin-Sepharose 4B and Mono Q ion-exchange column chromatography. Two dominant fractions with cGMP-PDE activity, referred to as the P-1 and P-2 fractions, were eluted from the Mono Q ion-exchange column. The *K_m* values for cGMP of PDE in the P-1 and P-2 fractions were 0.82 μM and 0.40 μM, respectively, which were much lower than that for cAMP. The *EC*₅₀ for Ca²⁺ and calmodulin of PDEs in the P-1 and P-2 fractions were 458 nM and 426 nM, respectively, and 32 nM and 137 nM, respectively. Protein bands that crossreacted with anti-PDE1A antibody were detected. These results suggest that Ca²⁺/calmodulin-dependent PDE, PDE1A, is involved in cGMP breakdown in rabbit parotid acinar cells.



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