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$GF(2^n)$ redundant representation using matrix embedding

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Abstract: By embedding a Toeplitz matrix-vector product (MVP) of dimension n into a circulant MVP of dimension $N=2n+\delta-1$, where δ can be any nonnegative integer, we present a $GF(2^n)$ multiplication algorithm. This algorithm leads to a new redundant representation, and it has two merits: 1. The flexible choices of δ make it possible to select a proper N such that the multiplication operation in ring $GF(2)[x]/(x^N+1)$ can be performed using some asymptotically faster algorithms, e.g. the Fast Fourier Transformation (FFT)-based multiplication algorithm; 2. The redundant degrees, which are defined as N/n , are smaller than those of most previous $GF(2^n)$ redundant representations, and in fact they are approximately equal to 2 for all applicable cases.

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