Cryptology ePrint Archive: Report 2011/398

Random Self-Reducibility Properties of Learning Problems over Burnside Groups of Exponent 3

Nelly Fazio and Kevin Iga and Antonio Nicolosi and Ludovic Perret and William E. Skeith III

Abstract: In this work we investigate the hardness of a computational problem introduced in the recent work of Baumslag et al. In particular, we study the \$B_n\$-LHN problem, which is a generalized version of the learning with errors (LWE) problem, instantiated with a particular family of non-abelian groups (free Burnside groups of exponent 3). In our main result, we demonstrate a random self-reducibility property for \$B_n\$-LHN. Along the way, we also prove a sequence of lemmas regarding homomorphisms of free Burnside groups of exponent 3 that may be of independent interest.

Category / Keywords: foundations / Random self-reducibility. Learning with errors. Post-quantum cryptography. Non-commutative cryptography. Burnside groups.

Date: received 25 Jul 2011, last revised 3 Feb 2012

Contact author: wes at cs ccny cuny edu

Available formats: PDF | BibTeX Citation

Version: 20120203:224135 (All versions of this report)

Discussion forum: Show discussion | Start new discussion

[Cryptology ePrint archive]