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Improved Results on Impossible Differential Cryptanalysis of Reduced-Round Camellia-192/256

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Abstract: As an international standard adopted by ISO/IEC, the block cipher Camellia has been used in various cryptographic applications. In this paper, we reevaluate the security of Camellia against impossible differential cryptanalysis. Specifically, we propose several 7-round impossible differentials with the \$FL/FL^{-1}\$ layers. Based on them, we mount impossible differential attacks on 11-round Camellia-192 and 12-round Camellia-256. The data complexities of our attacks on 11-round Camellia-192 and 12-round Camellia-256 are about \$2^{120}\$ chosen plaintexts and \$2^{119.8}\$ chosen plaintexts, respectively. The corresponding time complexities are approximately \$2^{167.1}\$ 11-round encryptions and \$2^{20.87}\$ 12-round encryptions. As far as we know, our attacks are \$2^{16.9}\$ times and \$2^{19.13}\$ times faster than the previously best known ones but have slightly more data.

Category / Keywords: Block Cipher, Camellia, Impossible Differential Cryptanalysis

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Note: We have revised some minor mistakes.

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