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Provably Secure Identity-Based Aggregate Signcryption Scheme in Random Oracles

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Abstract: This article proposes a provably secure aggregate signcryption scheme in random oracles. Security of the scheme is based on computational infeasibility of solving Decisional Bilinear Diffie-Hellman Problem and Discrete Logarithm Problems. Confidentiality and authenticity are two fundamental security requirements of Public Key Cryptography. These are achieved by encryption scheme and digital signatures respectively. Signcryption scheme is a cryptographic primitive that performs signature and encryption simultaneously in a single logical step. An aggregate signcryption scheme can be constructed from the aggregation of individual signcryption. The aggregation is done by taking n distinct signcryptions on n messages signed by n distinct users.

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