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## **Comparison of Discrimination Methods for High Dimensional Data**

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- Abstract: In microarray experiments, the dimension p of the data is very large but there are only a few observations N on the subjects/patients. In this article, the problem of classifying a subject into one of two groups, when p is large, is considered. Three procedures based on the Moore-Penrose inverse of the sample covariance matrix, and an empirical Bayes estimate of the precision matrix are proposed and compared with the DLDA procedure.
- Key words: classification, discrimination analysis, minimum distance, Moore-Penrose inverse

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