

## 2009 年 8 月中国部分法定传染病疫情动态摘抄

### 手足口病

**宁夏回族自治区:**2009 年 8 月 3-9 日报告发病 192 例,比上周(248 例)下降 22.58%,比 2008 年同期(62 例)上升 209.68%。银川市报告 85 例、石嘴山市 12 例、吴忠市(81 例)、固原市(9 例)、中卫市 5 例。报告病例数居前 3 位的县(区)依次是:兴庆区(39 例)、利通区(31 例)和青铜峡市(28 例),共报告 98 例,占报告病例总数的 51.04%。报告发病率居前 3 位的县(区)是:青铜峡市(10.10/10 万)、盐池县(9.32/10 万)、兴庆区(8.87/10 万)。报告病例男女性别比为 1.56:1;主要集中在 1~5 岁,报告病例 165 例,占报告病例总数的 85.94%,2 岁年龄组报告发病率最高,为 61.38/10 万;职业分布以散居儿童为主,报告 158 例,占报告病例总数的 82.29%

**江苏省:**2009 年 8 月 3-9 日全省共报告发病 1353 例,重症病例报告 6 例,南京市、无锡市、连云港市、淮安市、扬州市、泰州市各 1 例,无死亡病例报告。报告发病数比上周(1486 例)下降 8.95%,比 2008 年同期(413 例)上升 227.60%。本周报告病例较多的市为苏州市(254 例)、盐城市(159 例)、南京市(125 例)、无锡市(124 例)、连云港市(113 例),共计报告病例数占全省的 57.28%。病例中男性 894 例,女性 479 例,男女性别比为 1:0.51。6 岁以下儿童发病最多,占病例总数的 93.79%。职业分布以儿童为主,占病例总数的 96.45%。

**重庆市:**2009 年 8 月 24-30 日报告发病 53 例,比上周上升 20.45%,比 2008 年同期上升 89.29%,无死亡,无重症病例。病例分布在全市 24 个区县,其中以合川区最多(6 例),占全市发病数的 11.32%。

### 其他感染性腹泻病

**江苏省:**2009 年 8 月 3-9 日全省共报告发病 319 例,无死亡病例报告,报告发病数比上周上升 12.32%,比 2008 年同期(366 例)下降 12.84%。本周报告病例较多的市为无锡市(126 例)、徐州市(73 例)、南京市(26 例),共计报告病例数占全省的 70.53%。报告病例较多的县(市、区)主要有江阴市(76 例)、无锡市惠山区、徐州市云龙区(各 21 例)、无锡市北塘区(16

例)、徐州市泉山区(15 例),占全部病例总数的 46.71%。病例中男性 185 例,女性 134 例,男女性别比为 1:0.72。年龄分布以 20~59 岁青壮年病例相对较多,报告病例 142 例,占病例总数的 44.51%。职业分布以儿童较多,占病例总数的 41.38%。

**安徽省:**2009 年 8 月 10-16 日报告 1146 例,比上周(1123 例)下降 2.05%;比 2008 年同期(959 例)上升 19.50%;2009 年累计 21 372 例,比 2008 年同期(20 206)上升 5.77%。

### 流行性感胃

**重庆市:**2009 年 8 月 24-30 日报告发病 63 例,比上周下降 19.23%,比 2008 年同期上升 800.00%,无死亡。病例分布在全市 13 个区(县),其中以巴南区最多(35 例),占全市发病的 55.56%。

**四川省:**2009 年 8 月 24-30 日全省报告 139 例,无死亡,病例数比上周上升 16.81%,比 2008 年同期上升 479.17%。2009 年累计报告 1434 例,比 2008 年同期上升 65.59%。本周病例报告较多的市(州)为成都市(63 例)、德阳市(32 例)、乐山市、遂宁市(各 10 例)。2009 年累计发病居前 5 位的地区:南充市(279 例)、成都市(250 例)、遂宁市(167 例)、凉山州(107 例)、德阳市(82 例)。

### 痢疾

**安徽省:**2009 年 8 月 10-16 日报告 318 例,比上周(331 例)下降 3.93%;比 2008 年同期(271 例)上升 17.34%;2009 年累计 5889 例,比 2008 年同期(5622)上升 4.75%。

### 梅毒

**四川省:**2009 年 8 月 10-16 日全省报告 337 例,死亡 1 例。病例数比上周上升 3.06%,比 2008 年同期上升 53.88%。本周病例报告梅毒较多的市(州)为成都市(92 例)、绵阳市(27 例)、德阳市(24 例)、资阳市(19 例)、泸州市(18 例)。2009 年累计报告 9312 例,累计发病居前 5 位的地区:成都市(2456 例)、绵阳市(684 例)、德阳市(614 例)、自贡市(448 例)、攀枝花市(439 例)。

## Summary of selected notifiable communicable diseases in China ( August 2009 )

### Hand, Foot and Mouth Disease

Ningxia autonomous region: A total of 192 cases were reported from Aug 3 to 9, 2009, a decrease of 22.58% compared with last week (248), and an increase of 209.68% compared with the same period in 2008 (62). There were 85 cases from Yinchuan, 12 from Shizuishan, 81 from Wuzhong, 9 from Guyuan and 5 from Zhongwei. The top three counties (districts) with the greatest number of reported cases constituted Xingqing district (39), Litong district (31), and Qingtongxia city (28), amounting to a total of 98 cases that accounted for 51.04% of the total number of reported cases. The top three counties (districts) with the highest reported incidence rates included Qingtongxia city (10.10/lakh), Yanchi county (9.32/lakh) and Xingqing district (8.87/lakh). The male to female ratio was 1.56:1 among reported cases. The cases mainly concentrated in the one to five-year-old group (165), accounting for 85.94% of the total number of reported cases. The highest incidence rate was noticed in the two-year-old age group (61.38/lakh). Occupational distribution revealed scattered children as the major affected group (158), accounting for 82.29% of the total number of reported cases.

Jiangsu province: A total of 1353 cases were reported in the province from Aug 3 to 9, 2009. Six severe cases were reported from Nanjing, Wuxi, Lianyungang, Huai'an, Yangzhou and Taizhou (one in each), with no deaths reported. The reported number of cases declined by 8.95% compared with last week (1486), and increased by 227.60% compared with the same period in 2008 (413). Most reported cases were from Suzhou (254), Yancheng (159), Nanjing (125), Wuxi (124), and Lianyungang (113), accounting for 57.28% of the total number of reported cases in the province. There were 894 cases of male and 479 cases of female, with the male to female ratio of 1:0.51. Children under the age of six were primarily affected, accounting for 93.79% of the total number of cases. Occupational distribution revealed a children-oriented pattern, the cases accounting for 96.45% of the total number.

Chongqing municipality: A total of 53 cases were reported from Aug 24 to 30, 2009, an increase of 20.45% compared with last week, and an increase of 89.29% compared with the same period in 2008. Neither death nor severe case was reported. The cases distributed over 24 counties/districts in the city, of which those in Hechuan district dominated (6), accounting for 11.32% of the total reported number in the city.

### Other infectious diarrheal diseases

Jiangsu province: A total of 319 cases were reported from Aug 3 to 9, 2009, with no deaths reported. The reported number of cases increased by 12.32% compared with last week, and decreased by 12.84% compared with the same period in 2008 (366). Most cases were from Wuxi (126), Xuzhou (73) and Nanjing (26), accounting for 70.53% of the total number in the province. Relatively larger number of cases were from such counties (cities, districts) as Jiangyin city (76), Huishan district of Wuxi, Yunlong

district of Xuzhou (21 each), Beitang district of Wuxi (16), and Quan Mount of Xuzhou (15), accounting for 46.71% of the total number of cases. There were 185 cases of male and 134 cases of female with the male to female ratio of 1:0.72. Age distribution revealed a primarily affected 20 to 59-year-old group containing the majority of young adults, accounting for 44.51% of the total number of cases. Occupational distribution suggested mostly affected children, accounting for 41.38% of the total number of cases.

Anhui province: A total of 1146 cases were reported from Aug 10 to 16, 2009, a decrease of 2.05% compared to that in last week (1123), and an increase of 19.50% compared with the same period in 2008 (959). The cumulative reported number of cases reached 21 372 in 2009, an increase of 5.77% compared with the same period in 2008 (20 206).

### Influenza

Chongqing municipality: A total of 63 cases were reported from Aug 24 to 30, 2009, a decrease of 19.23% compared with last week and an increase of 800.00% compared with the same period in 2008. No deaths were reported. The cases were located over thirteen counties/districts in the city, of which Banan district predominated (35), accounting for 55.56% of the total number of the city.

Sichuan province: A total of 139 cases were reported from Aug 24 to 30, 2009 with no deaths, an increase of 16.81% compared with last week, and an increase of 479.17% compared with the same period in 2008. The cumulative reported number of cases reached 1434 in 2009, an increase of 65.59% compared with the same period in 2008. Most cases in this week were from such cities as Chengdu city (63 cases), Deyang city (32 cases), Leshan city, and Suining city (10 cases each). The top five cities with the greatest cumulative incidence rates in 2009 were Nanchong city (279 cases), Chengdu city (250 cases), Suining city (167 cases), Liangshan prefecture (107 cases) and Deyang city (82 cases).

### Dysentery

Anhui province: A total of 318 cases were reported from Aug 10 to 16, 2009, a decrease of 3.93% compared with last week (331), and an increase of 17.34% compared with the same period in 2008 (271). The cumulative reported number of cases reached 5889 in 2009, an increase of 4.75% compared with the same period in 2008 (5622).

### Syphilis

Sichuan province: A total of 337 cases were reported from Aug 10 to 16, 2009, with one death case. The number of cases increased by 3.06% compared with last week, and increased by 53.88% compared with the same period in 2008. Most cases were from Chengdu city (92 cases), Mianyang city (27 cases), Deyang city (24 cases), Ziyang city (19 cases), and Luzhou (18 cases). The cumulative reported number of cases reached 9312 in 2009. The top five cities with the greatest cumulative incidence rates were Chengdu city (2456 cases), Mianyang city (684 cases), Deyang city (614 cases), Zigong city (448 cases) and Panzhihua city (439 cases).