

Search for Supersymmetry at γp - Colliders

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Abstract

We discuss the possibility of searching supersymmetry at TeV scale γp colliders proposed recently [1]. Theoretical predictions are derived within the framework of minimal supersymmetric standard model (MSSM) with R-parity conservation. Productions of squarks, gluinos, charginos and neutralinos through the processes $\gamma p \rightarrow \tilde{q}\tilde{u}X$, $\gamma p \rightarrow \tilde{q}\tilde{g}X$, $\gamma p \rightarrow \tilde{q}\tilde{\gamma}X$ (or $\tilde{q}\tilde{z}$) and $\gamma p \rightarrow \tilde{q}\tilde{q}^*X$ are considered [2]. Cross sections for different initial beam polarizations are calculated and it is shown that polarization asymmetries are sensitive to the sparticle masses [3]. Discovery mass limits of the superpartners are tabulated for various γp colliders at different center of mass energies. The results are compared with those for the existing and future e^+e^- , ep and pp colliders, and we conclude that the TeV scale γp colliders will provide in principle convenient ways to search supersymmetry [4].

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