

PTEN基因通过Akt-mTOR对乳腺癌细胞增殖与凋亡的影响

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Title: Effects of PTEN gene on proliferation and apoptosis of breast cancer cells by Akt-mTOR signaling pathway

作者: 刘芳¹; 戴经纬²; 刘丽娜¹; 赵毅¹

1.中国医科大学附属盛京医院普通外科; 2.神经外科, 辽宁 沈阳 110003

Author(s): Liu Fang¹; Dai Jingwei²; Li Lina¹; Zhao Yi¹

1. Department of General Surgery; 2. Department of Neurosurgery, Shengjing Hospital of China Medical University, Liaoning Shenyang 110003, China.

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摘要: 目的:探讨PTEN基因通过Akt-mTOR对乳腺癌细胞增殖与凋亡的影响。方法:人乳腺癌MDA-MB-231细胞随机分为两组:pcDNA3.0组与pcDNA3.0-PTEN组,分别转染pcDNA3.0质粒、pcDNA3.0-PTEN质粒2 μg,转染48 h收集细胞。采用CCK-8法检测细胞存活率,双染法检测细胞凋亡,Western-blot检测细胞蛋白表达。结果:pcDNA3.0-PTEN组的细胞存活率低于pcDNA3.0组,对比差异有统计学意义($P < 0.05$)。与pcDNA3.0组对比,pcDNA3.0-PTEN组的细胞凋亡率显著上升,对比差异有统计学意义($P < 0.05$)。pcDNA3.0-PTEN组的PTEN蛋白表达量高于pcDNA3.0组,Akt、mTOR蛋白表达量低于pcDNA3.0组,对比差异有统计学意义($P < 0.05$)。结论:PTEN基因过表达可通过抑制Akt-mTOR信号通路,提高乳腺癌细胞凋亡指数,降低细胞增殖活性,从而发挥抑癌作用。

Abstract: Objective: To investigate the effect of PTEN gene on proliferation and apoptosis of breast cancer cells by Akt-mTOR signaling pathway. Methods: Human breast cancer MDA-MB-231 cells were randomly divided into two groups: pcDNA3.0 group, pcDNA3.0-PTEN group, respectively and were transfected with pcDNA3.0 plasmid, pcDNA3.0-PTEN plasmid of 2 μg. The cell viability was detected by CCK-8 method. Apoptosis was detected by double staining, and cell protein expression was detected by Western-blot. Results: The cell viability of the pcDNA3.0-PTEN group was lower than that of the pcDNA3.0 group, and the difference were statistically significant ($P < 0.05$). Compared with the pcDNA3.0 group, the apoptosis rates of the pcDNA3.0-PTEN group were increased significantly, and the difference was statistically significant ($P < 0.05$). The expression of PTEN protein in pcDNA3.0-PTEN group was higher than that in pcDNA3.0 group, and the expression of Akt and mTOR protein was lower than that in pcDNA3.0 group, and the difference was statistically significant ($P < 0.05$). Conclusion: Over-expression of PTEN gene can inhibit the Akt-mTOR signaling pathway, increase the apoptosis index of breast cancer cells and decrease the cell proliferation activity, and thus play a tumor suppressing effect.

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